

Soya Oil





PLANT GROWTH IMPROVER EDIBLE VEGETABLE OIL: SOYA

SOYA OIL is a product composed of raw material of totally vegetable origin and biodegradable, obtained by mechanical cold extraction.

SOYA OIL acts as an inductor of resistance against abiotic stress, activating the systems, thanks to the high content of proteins, lipids (oleic and linoleic acid) and glucosides (isoflavones and saponins). Soybean oil reduces plant water losses by delaying the closure of stomata under conditions of significant temperature ranges. In this way the plant is more responsive to stress of

various nature. The product has a direct physical action, creating an environment conducive to the development of the plant.

SOYA OIL could be mixed with fertilizers, fungicides, insecticides and herbicides. It plays an excellent action, ensuring a complete coverage of the sprayed vegetation and a better agronomic result.

SOYA OIL is selective towards useful insects.

It is possible to mix it with KLOZER® and BI ANKA.

COMPOSITION

Soya oil 60% in water emulsionated with Polysorbate 80 GMOs free

C.P CHARACTERISTICS

pH:	6.00+/- 0.5
Density	0.95 +/- 0.5
Color:	Beige
Smell:	. Characteristic
Solubility:	Dispersible

FORMULATION

Liquid

CLASSIFICATION

Attention



PACKAGING

Bottle.	 	 	 . 1 L
Tank	 	 	 . 5 L
Tank	 	 	 10 L

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DOSES AND METHODS OF USE

Spray evenly on the crop, especially on leaves, branches, shoots, etc., taking care to apply it also on the bottom page of the leaves. For a more persistent action it is advisable to treat at intervals of 7-10 days.

- Open field and greenhouse vegetables: 200-400 ml/hl.
- Fruit crops: 200-400 ml/hl.
- Flowers, aromatic and ornamental plants: 100-300 ml/hl.
- Lawn, grass and extensive coltures: 100-300 ml/hl.

WARNINGS: The mixture of SOYA OIL with mineral or organic fertilisers should be checked in advance to rule out any incompatibility reactions. Wait a few days before considering further treatment.

It is advisable to use SOYA OIL on dry vegetation and not to intervene on stressed and suffering crops. Avoid using at high temperatures, in conditions of high light intensity.